Valadao Van Hollen Vargas Veasey Vela Visclosky Wagner Walberg Walden Walorski Walz Wasserman Schultz Waxman Weber (TX) Webster (FL) Wenstrup Westmoreland Williams
Wilson (FL)
Wilson (SC)
Wittman
Wolf
Womack
Yoder
Young (AK)
Young (IN)

NAYS-69

Amash Honda Bass Huffman Becerra Jones Labrador Blumenauer Campbell Larson (CT) Lee (CA) Capuano Chu Lewis Clark (MA) Lofgren Clarke (NY) Lummis Cohen Massie Convers Matsui DeFazio McClintock DeGette McDermott Dovle McGovern Miller, George Duncan (SC) Duncan (TN) Moore Edwards Nadler Ellison Napolitano Fudge Pallone Gohmert Pavne Grayson Pingree (ME) Griffith (VA) Pocan

Quigley
Rangel
Ribble
Rohrabacher
Roybal-Allard
Salmon
Sánchez, Linda
T.
Sanford
Schakowsky
Schrader
Serrano
Stockman

Swalwell (CA)

Tiernev

Watt

Welch

Yoho

Woodall

Yarmuth

Velázquez

Thompson (CA)

NOT VOTING—13

Bilirakis Bishop (GA) Castro (TX) Davis, Danny Franks (AZ)

Hahn

Holt

Jeffries Luján, Ben Ray (NM) McCarthy (NY) Peters (CA)

Polis

Posey

Radel Rush Waters Whitfield

□ 1836

Mr. WELCH changed his vote from "yea" to "nay."

So (two-thirds being in the affirmative) the rules were suspended and the resolution was agreed to.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

Stated for:

Mr. PETERS of California. Mr. Speaker, on rollcall No. 641 I was unavoidably detained. Had I been present I would have voted "yes."

PERSONAL EXPLANATION

Mr. CASTRO. Mr. Speaker, I was not recorded on today's votes because I was absent due to awaiting the impending birth of my daughter. On rollcall No. 637 on motion on ordering the previous question on the Rule, had I been present, I would have voted "nay."

On rollcall No. 638 on H. Res. 438, Rule providing consideration of the House Amendment to the Senate Amendment to H.J. Res 59 and H.R. 3693, had I been present, I would have voted "nay."

On rollcall No. 640 on H.J. Res. 59—Bipartisan Budget Act of 2013 and Pathway for Sustainable Growth in Medicare (SGR) Reform Act of 2013, had I been present, I would have voted "aye."

On rollcall No. 641 on H. Res. 441, providing for the concurrence by the House in the Senate amendments to H.R. 3304—National Defense Authorization Act, with an amendment, had I been present, I would have voted "ave."

Mrs. McCARTHY of New York. Mr. Speaker, I was unavoidably absent during the week of December 9, 2013. If I were present, I would have voted on the following: rollcall Vote No. 630: H.R. 3521—Department of Veterans Affairs Major Medical Facility Lease Authorization Act of 2013, "yea;" rollcall Vote No.

631: H.R. 1402-VA Expiring Authorities Extension Act of 2013, "yea"; rollcall Vote No. 632: H.R. 2019-Gabriella Miller Kids First Research Act of 2013, "yea"; rollcall Vote No. 633: H.R. 2319-Native American Veterans' Memorial Amendments Act of 2013, "yea"; rollcall Vote No. 634: S. 1471-Alicia Dawn Koehl Respect for National Cemeteries Act, "vea": rollcall Vote No. 635: H.R. 3212. "vea": rollcall Vote No. 636: H.R. 1992-To amend the requirements relating to assessment of Israel's qualitative military edge over military threats, "yea"; rollcall Vote No. 637: H. Res. 438-On Ordering the Previous Question providing for consideration of the Senate amendment to H.J. Res. 59, "nay"; rollcall Vote No. 638: H. Res. 438-On Agreeing to the Resolution providing for consideration of the Senate amendment to H.J.Res. 59, "nay"; rollcall Vote No. 639: Journal Vote, "yea"; rollcall Vote No. 640: Motion to Concur in the Senate Amendment with Amendment to H.J. Res 59, "yea"; rollcall Vote No. 641: H. Res. 441-National Defense Authorization Act, "yea."

PROVIDING FOR CORRECTIONS TO THE ENROLLMENT OF THE BILL H.R. 3304

Mr. McKEON. Mr. Speaker, I send to the desk a concurrent resolution and ask unanimous consent for its immediate consideration in the House.

The Clerk read the title of the concurrent resolution.

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. HASTINGS of Washington). Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from California?

There was no objection.

The text of the concurrent resolution is as follows:

H. CON. RES. 71

Resolved by the House of Representatives (the Senate concurring), That, in the enrollment of the bill H.R. 3304, the Clerk of the House of Representatives shall make the following corrections:

- (1) Strike sections 1 and 2
- (2) Redesignate sections 3, 4, 5, and 6 as sections 1, 2, 3, and 4, respectively.
- (3) Strike any matter following the end of the tables in title ${\it XLVII}$.
- (4) Amend the long title so as to read: "To authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2014 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes.".

The concurrent resolution was agreed to.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

HONORING THE LIFE, ACCOM-PLISHMENTS, AND LEGACY OF NELSON MANDELA AND EX-PRESSING CONDOLENCES ON HIS PASSING

Mr. ROYCE. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on Foreign Affairs be discharged from further consideration of House Resolution 434, and ask for its immediate consideration in the House.

The Clerk read the title of the resolution.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from California?

There was no objection.

The text of the resolution is as follows:

H. RES. 434

Whereas Nelson Mandela's defiance of injustice and commitment to peace and reconciliation, were critical to achieving the abolition of apartheid, a system of racially based social, political, and economic discrimination, and to adopting in its place a system of multiparty democracy and universal suffrage for all South Africans;

Whereas on August 5, 1962, Nelson Mandela was arrested for his acts to end the discriminatory policies of apartheid and was found guilty of all charges against him and sentenced to life in prison;

Whereas during his imprisonment, Nelson Mandela was confined to a small cell and forced to perform hard labor while being gravely mistreated by prison officials;

Whereas during 18 of his 27 years of imprisonment on Robben Island, Nelson Mandela was permitted only one visitor a year, and for only 30 minutes;

Whereas Nelson Mandela remained resolute, refusing offers to renounce his struggle against oppression in exchange for his freedom, and became widely viewed and respected as a symbol of the anti-apartheid movement;

Whereas the United States Congress dramatically shifted its policy toward South Africa and supported the political ideals that Nelson Mandela struggled for, by enacting the Comprehensive Anti-Apartheid Act of 1986 (Public Law 99-440) on October 2, 1986, and has honored Nelson Mandela by passing the Mandela Freedom Resolution in the House of Representatives on September 18, 1984 (H. Res. 430), and in the Senate on October 10, 1984 (S. Res. 386), by adopting the resolution concerning United States support for the new South Africa on October 5, 1994 (H. Res. 560), and by awarding Nelson Mandela the Congressional Gold Medal on July 29, 1998:

Whereas on February 11, 1990, under growing international and domestic pressure, Nelson Mandela was released from prison, marking the end of his 27 years, 6 months, and 1 week of continuous incarceration;

Whereas former United States President William J. Clinton honored Nelson Mandela with the Philadelphia Liberty Medal in 1993:

Whereas in 1994, following the first fully representative, multiracial national elections, Nelson Mandela was elected on May 9 as President of the Democratic Republic of South Africa under a Government of National Unity:

Whereas President Nelson Mandela led the peaceful transition from minority rule and apartheid to a multicultural, multiracial democracy, and played a critical role in initiating South Africa's ongoing efforts to foster national reconciliation;

Whereas President Nelson Mandela sought to promote equal opportunity for jobs and education, access to social services, and quality-of-life improvements for all South Africans;

Whereas during the presidency of Nelson Mandela, South Africa established the Truth and Reconciliation Commission to investigate gross human rights violations committed during the apartheid years;

Whereas former United States President George W. Bush honored Nelson Mandela with the Presidential Medal of Freedom in 2002; and

Whereas Nelson Mandela leaves a legacy that transcends his time and place in history and will guide and inspire generations to come: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the House of Representa-

(1) has learned with profound sorrow of the death of Nelson Mandela, former President of the Republic of South Africa;

(2) tenders its deep sympathies to the members of the family of the late President Nelson Mandela and his fellow citizens;

(3) honors the life, accomplishments, and legacy of former President Nelson Mandela and for his friendship to the United States;

(4) requests the Secretary of State to communicate these expressions of sentiment to the family of the deceased and to the Parliament of the Republic of South Africa; and

(5) requests that when the House adjourns today it do so as a mark of respect to the memory of the late President Nelson Mandela.

The resolution was agreed to.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

PROVIDING FOR CORRECTIONS TO THE ENROLLMENT OF H.J. RES. 59

Mr. RYAN of Wisconsin. Mr. Speaker, I send to the desk a concurrent resolution and ask unanimous consent for its immediate consideration in the House.

The Clerk read the title of the con-

current resolution.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Wisconsin?

There was no objection.

The text of the concurrent resolution is as follows:

H. CON. RES. 72

Resolved by the House of Representatives (the Senate concurring), That, in the enrollment of the resolution H. J. Res. 59, the Clerk of the House of Representatives shall make the following corrections:

(1) Strike "That" before "DIVISION A—BI-PARTISAN BUDGET AGREEMENT".

(2) Amend the title so as to read: "Joint resolution reducing spending, and for other purposes."

The concurrent resolution was agreed to.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

FALLEN FIREFIGHTERS ASSIST-ANCE TAX CLARIFICATION ACT OF 2013

Mr. REED. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on Ways and Means be discharged from further consideration of the bill (H.R. 3458) to treat payments by charitable organizations with respect to certain firefighters as exempt payments, and ask for its immediate consideration in the House.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from New York?

There was no objection.

The text of the bill is as follows:

H.R. 3458

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "Fallen Firefighters Assistance Tax Clarification Act of 2013".

SEC. 2. PAYMENTS BY CHARITABLE ORGANIZATIONS WITH RESPECT TO CERTAIN FIREFIGHTERS TREATED AS EXEMPT PAYMENTS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—For purposes of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, payments made to—

(1) any firefighter who was injured as a result of the ambush of firefighters responding to an emergency on December 24, 2012, in Webster, New York,

(2) the spouse of any firefighter who died as a result of such ambush, or

(3) any dependent (as defined in section 152 of such Code) of any firefighter who died as a result of such ambush,

by an organization described in paragraph (1) or (2) of section 509(a) of such Code shall be treated as related to the purpose or function constituting the basis for such organization's exemption under section 501 of such Code if such payments are made in good faith using a reasonable and objective formula which is consistently applied.

(b) APPLICATION.—Subsection (a) shall apply only to payments made on or after December 24, 2012, and before the later of—

(1) January 1, 2014, or

(2) the date which is 30 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.

The bill was ordered to be engrossed and read a third time, was read the third time, and passed, and a motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

ADJOURNMENT FROM THURSDAY, DECEMBER 12, 2013, TO MONDAY, DECEMBER 16, 2013

Mr. REED. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that when the House adjourns today, it adjourn to meet at 11 a.m., Monday, December 16, 2013.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from New York?

There was no objection.

PERSONAL EXPLANATION

Ms. BROWN of Florida. Mr. Speaker, I was absent for rollcall 640. If I had been present, I would have voted "yes."

I want to state for the RECORD that I am very disappointed that in the bill we did not include unemployment insurance. I think it is terrible that the people in the people's House will go home without voting for unemployment for the people.

PAYING TRIBUTE TO THE HON. MEL WATT FOR HIS SERVICE

(Mr. PRICE of North Carolina asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. PRICE of North Carolina. Mr. Speaker, I am going to ask our North Carolina colleagues to join me here, along with the dean of our delegation, Mr. COBLE.

Mr. Speaker, our colleague of many years, MEL WATT, has just cast his last vote in this body. MEL WATT, the Representative of the Twelfth Congressional District, from Charlotte, North Carolina, has just been confirmed by the Senate to be the Director of the Federal Housing Finance Agency, so he is going to leave us after today to take over that position.

HOWARD COBLE and I are the deans of our respective parties in the House delegation from North Carolina, and we both wanted the House to pause to pay tribute to Mel for his service and his dedication to this institution.

I am happy at this point to yield to the gentleman from North Carolina (Mr. COBLE), my colleague.

Mr. COBLE. Mr. Speaker, I thank my distinguished friend from North Carolina (Mr. PRICE). I appreciate that.

You have already indicated where Mel is going to be going. I hope he won't ignore us when he meets us on the streets or in these Halls. I don't think he will.

Mel and I have shared several counties in North Carolina for nearly two decades. We both sat as members of the House Judiciary Committee for also two decades.

Mel, we wish you and your family best wishes.

Mr. PRICE of North Carolina. I thank the gentleman.

I want to make note of the fact that Mel's wife, Eulada, is in the gallery tonight. On behalf of my wife, Lisa, and myself, we have considered the Watts good friends, colleagues, shared many experiences together, and we are going to miss them both a great deal, although we take some solace in the thought that they are not going too far and that we will have chances to be together as Mel assumes this new role.

□ 1845

Mr. Speaker, MEL WATT is a legislator's legislator. We sometimes say that about colleagues. If there is any doubt about that, it would have been dispelled by what we just heard in the committee room this afternoon as colleague after colleague from the Judiciary and Financial Services Committees, from both sides of the aisle, paid tribute to this fine friend and colleague.

There were many stories of collaboration, of disputes and fights that were nonetheless civil and respectful, of mentorship of younger Members. There is just no question that MEL has made his imprint on this institution. As a man of great intelligence and expertise, he is admirably qualified for the job he is about to assume, but also a mainstay of legislative work in the committees that he served on during his entire time here, Financial Services and Judiciary.

We are going to miss him. I probably speak for others in the delegation; but, actually, I will just speak for myself. I know when the votes occur, the rollcall votes occur, that is a name I check, just like I used to check John Spratt's name. There are a few colleagues that one respects so much that you want to make sure you are not going too far astray when you cast those votes. I will miss MEL in that very practical way.

We will not take much time here this evening. It is mainly a matter here, as the votes come to a close and MEL casts his last vote before this body, testifying to how highly we regard this